## What Relationship Building Model Does Your Youth Homelessness Agency Embrace?

Transactional	Supportive	Permanent
<ul> <li>What are the youth's immediate physical needs?</li> <li>Food</li> <li>Shelter</li> <li>Clothing</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Medical</li> <li>What skills does the youth need to live on their own?</li> <li>Diploma/GED</li> <li>Job training</li> <li>Financial literacy</li> <li>Sobriety</li> <li>Mental health</li> <li>Independent living skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How can the youth learn healthy relationship skills?</li> <li>Case managers model caring interactions</li> <li>Peer support groups teach youth how to cultivate supportive friendships</li> <li>Stranger- or programmatch mentors offer short-term support through interactions with adults, often from more resource-rich communities</li> </ul>	Who can provide the youth with ongoing unpaid support?  Natural supports, or adults already in the life ofthe youth, such as  • extended relatives  • parents of friends, and  • neighbors are most likely to provide long-term physical and socioemotional support.

